

Amendments to the Claims:

1. (currently amended) A generator for generating an excited atomic state of a molecule, said generator comprising:

a at least one power supply;

a pulse circuit;

an excited atomic state generating region; and

an integral electrical excitation generator and heat exchanger;

wherein said pulse circuit discharges via said integral electrical excitation generator and heat exchanger a pulse to a gas in said region and thereby ionizes the gas;

wherein said at least one power supply generates an electric field, thereby generating an excited atomic state of at least one species of molecule in the gas; and

wherein said integral electrical excitation generator and heat exchanger prevents the gas from heating beyond cools the gas to approximately 200 degrees Celsius before a significant number of said at least one species of molecule change said excited atomic state.

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2. (original) The generator of claim 1 wherein said excited atomic state generating region comprises one or more elements selected from the group consisting of a dielectric flow tube with one or more electrodes, a microwave or radio frequency resonant gas flow cavity, a capacitively coupled radio frequency gas flow cavity, an inductive gas flow loop and at least two electrodes and at least one transformer core comprising at least one winding wherein said gas flow loop forms a secondary winding of said at least one transformer core plus at least two electrodes, and an inductive gas flow loop with at least one transformer core which comprises at least two windings, wherein said gas flow loop forms a secondary winding with said at least one transformer core.

3. (currently amended) The generator of claim 1 wherein said generator maintains a level of ionization of at least approximately 10^{12} electrons/cm³ 10^{12} electrons/cm³ in combination with a sustained electric field of less than or equal to approximately 10 Townsends.

4. (currently amended) The generator of claim 1 wherein said pulse circuit discharges pulses of between approximately 5 to 30 75 nanoseconds in duration.

5. (original) The generator of claim 4 wherein said pulse circuit, after a period of producing initially more elevated pulse discharges, discharges pulses of reduced electric field lying between approximately 80 to 120 Townsends.

6. (original) The generator of claim 4 wherein said pulse circuit discharges pulses at between approximately 25,000 to 100,000 times per second.

7. (original) The generator of claim 1 additionally comprising pre-ionization means selected from the group consisting of burst X-ray means, continual X-ray means, photo-ionization means, metastable helium injection means, and pre-ionized plasma injection means.

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8. (currently amended) A method of generating a plasma, the method comprising the steps of:
 providing a rapidly flowing gas;
 applying a an electromagnetic field pulse to the gas to over-volt the gas to an E/N electric field to gas density (E/N) value above ionization breakdown thereby forming a plasma but terminating the pulse before a glow to arc transition can occur;
 applying additional electromagnetic field pulses, above an ionization breakdown value of the gas, to sustain quasi-continuous ionization of the gas plasma; and
 causing a continuous or quasi-continuous current flow to the gas plasma by applying an additional electric field ~~comprising~~ producing an E/N value in the gas of less than approximately 10 Townsends.

9. (currently amended) A method for producing a laser beam, the method comprising the steps of:
 providing a rapidly flowing gas;
 applying a an electromagnetic field pulse to the gas to over-volt the gas to an

electric field ~~normalized to plasma to gas~~ density (E/N) value above ionization breakdown thereby forming a plasma;

applying additional electromagnetic field pulses, above an ionization breakdown value of the gas, to sustain quasi-continuous ionization of the gas plasma;

causing a pump current flow to the gas plasma by applying an additional electric field ~~comprising an electric field comprising~~ producing an E/N value in the gas of less than approximately 10 Townsends;

contacting the plasma with a at least one molecule of ~~the gas to generate an excited atomic state of that molecule; a lasing element~~ thereby disassociating the at least one molecule into atoms and exciting the atoms to an upper electronic state; and

~~contacting the excited molecule with iodine to excite the iodine; and~~

~~lasing the excited atoms iodine.~~

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10. (withdrawn) A pulse circuit for generating an output pulse, said pulse circuit comprising:
a power supply;
a single or multiple array of Blumlein lines wherein elements of each line comprise discrete coaxial or linear sections and wherein each element comprises a front end and an output end;
a switch for grounding each of said Blumlein lines simultaneously;
a series connection of the output end of each output of each Blumlein line to multiply voltage and match pulse circuit output impedance to a plasma impedance;
a snubber for truncating the output pulse from said at least one Blumlein line; and
discharge electrodes for discharging said output pulse to a gas wherein each of said discharge electrodes bound a tube configuration comprising a surface for heat exchange.

11. (withdrawn) A laser comprising:
a gas;
a beam produced by energy carried by said gas; and
a throat, wherein said gas and said beam pass through said throat.

12. (withdrawn) The laser of claim 11 wherein said throat comprises a converging region and a diverging region.

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13. (withdrawn) The laser of claim 11 further comprising a cavity, wherein said cavity comprises a substantially cylindrical configuration extending from said throat.

14. (withdrawn) The laser of claim 13 wherein said cavity comprises a substantially cylindrical configuration having an increasing cross-section extending from said throat.